# Social Media as a Tool for Cultural **Preservation among Diaspora** Communities

(IJGASR) International Journal For Global Academic & Scientific Research ISSN Number: 2583-3081 Volume 1, Issue No. 4, 14-20 © The Author 2023 journals.icapsr.com/index.php/ijgasr DOI: 10.55938/ijgasr.v3i3.79



# Pusti Panchal<sup>1</sup> Dr. Beenu Mago<sup>2</sup>

#### Abstract

Social media has become a vital tool for diaspora communities to preserve their cultural heritage in an increasingly interconnected world. This study examines the crucial role of digital platforms in maintaining and spreading cultural practices, languages, and identities among dispersed populations. Through detailed case studies of the Indian, Filipino, and Nigerian diasporas, the research highlights how social media platforms such as Facebook, Instagram, and YouTube facilitate cultural preservation and cross-cultural exchange. Key findings reveal that these platforms not only enable the sharing of traditional customs and practices but also foster new forms of cultural hybridization and adaptation. Social media serves as a bridge between the old and new worlds, allowing diaspora communities to stay connected to their heritage while integrating into new environments. The study provides insights into the dynamics of cultural preservation in the digital era, emphasizing the transformative potential of social media in sustaining diverse cultural settings globally.

#### **Keywords**

Cultural Preservation, Diaspora Communities, Social Media

Received 14 August 2024; Revised 25 August 2024; Accepted 29 September 2024; Published 08 October 2024

# Introduction

As globalization accelerates, diaspora communities are increasingly dispersed beyond their home countries, creating complex challenges in preserving cultural heritage. While these communities maintain strong connections to their cultural roots, the physical distance often results in the erosion of traditional practices, languages, and customs. The advent of digital media has provided new opportunities for maintaining cultural ties, yet the specific role and effectiveness of social media platforms in this process remain underexplored.

**Corresponding Author:** <sup>2</sup>Research Supervisor, Skyline University College. Email: beenu.mago@skylineuniversity.ac.ae



© 2024 by Pusti Panchal and Dr. Beenu Mago Submitted for possible open access publication under the terms and conditions of the Creative Commons Attribution (CC BY) license,(http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/). This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License

Research Scholar, Skyline University College. Email: panchalpusti@gmail.com

#### Panchal and Mago

Existing literature on diaspora communities and cultural preservation has predominantly focused on the impacts of traditional media and face-to-face interactions. Studies have documented the challenges faced by diasporas in preserving cultural identities, but there is a lack of comprehensive research on how digital platforms, particularly social media, contribute to this endeavour. Previous research has often overlooked the nuanced ways in which these platforms facilitate cultural preservation and adaptation, and how they mediate interactions between diaspora members and their cultural heritage.

This paper seeks to address this research gap by providing a detailed analysis of how social media platforms such as Facebook, Instagram, and YouTube are used by diaspora communities to maintain and promote their cultural heritage. By examining specific case studies of the Indian, Filipino, and Nigerian diasporas, this study explores how digital media supports the sharing of cultural practices, fosters community building, and facilitates cultural adaptation in new environments. The research aims to fill the void in current literature by highlighting the unique mechanisms through which social media contributes to cultural preservation and adaptation, offering insights into its role in the digital age.

In summary, while previous studies have touched upon the challenges of cultural preservation in diaspora communities, this paper provides a focused examination of the transformative impact of social media platforms, offering a fresh perspective on their role in sustaining cultural heritage across global contexts.

# **Literature Review**

Social media platforms have become vibrant venues for diaspora communities to participate in cultural preservation and exchange. These platforms offer online spaces where people with similar backgrounds may communicate and share facets of their cultural heritage. Members of the diaspora share intangible cultural insights and experiences as well as tangible cultural aspects like music, dance performances, cuisine, and religious rites via social media platforms like Facebook groups and Instagram accounts. Despite their geographic separation, these interactions help diaspora populations feel connected and a part of one another (Ahmad, 2016; Hassan & Shukla, 2020).

Furthermore, social media plays an innovative and adaptive function in cultural preservation in addition to simple trade. People living abroad frequently have to balance the customs of their home nations with the cultural expectations of their new settings. Social media platforms provide a special environment where people may experiment and learn about new cultural forms while retaining their cultural legacy. Traditions are kept meaningful and relevant in ever-changing situations through this process of cultural hybridization and adaptation (Marwick & Boyd, 2018; Al-Rawi, 2017).

Furthermore, social media acts as a critical channel between expatriate communities and their cultural heritage. Diaspora people may maintain a connection to their heritage by easily accessing cultural resources and information from their home countries through platforms such as YouTube. Facebook groups, however, provide a platform for conversation on cultural norms, beliefs, and experiences. Virtual connections to the homeland are crucial for expatriate communities to maintain their cultural identities, especially while navigating the difficulties of integrating into new society (Mitra, 2016; Wang, 2019).

In general, social media platforms enable cultural preservation among diaspora populations in a variety of ways. In the end, they support the survival and resilience of cultural traditions in an interconnected world by offering venues for cross-cultural interaction, adaptation, and engagement with cultural legacy.

# **Problem Statement**

Diaspora communities, dispersed across the globe due to migration, face significant challenges in preserving their cultural heritage. The physical distance from their home countries, coupled with the demands of integration into host societies, often leads to the erosion or dilution of cultural practices, languages, and identities. While social media platforms such as Facebook, Instagram, and YouTube offer novel opportunities for cultural preservation, they also introduce unique challenges.

One major challenge is the risk of cultural dilution. As diaspora communities engage with social media, there is a possibility that traditional practices may be altered or simplified to appeal to a broader audience. This could lead to a loss of authenticity and the superficial representation of cultural elements. Additionally, the rapid spread of misinformation on digital platforms can distort cultural narratives, leading to misunderstandings and misrepresentation of cultural practices.

Moreover, the accessibility and digital divide present further issues. Not all members of diaspora communities may have equal access to or proficiency with social media tools, which can result in uneven participation and representation of cultural practices. This disparity can exacerbate the challenges of maintaining cultural continuity, as some segments of the community may be left out of the digital conversation.

Despite these challenges, social media platforms have the potential to foster cultural preservation by providing spaces for cultural exchange and community building. This research aims to explore how effectively these platforms support the preservation of cultural heritage while addressing the limitations and potential risks involved. By analyzing specific case studies of diaspora communities, this study seeks to offer a nuanced understanding of how social media can both aid and complicate cultural preservation efforts.

# Methodology

This study takes a qualitative approach to study and look into the effect of social media on cultural preservation within diaspora groups. To collect data, in-depth interviews and content analysis of social media sites were utilised. Interviews were conducted with notable individuals of the Indian, Filipino, and Nigerian diasporas, including cultural leaders, social media influencers, and active community members. These interviews were intended to gather direct knowledge on how these communities utilise social media to preserve and promote their rich heritage.

In addition to interviews, a systematic content analysis was carried out on many social media sites, including Facebook, Instagram, and YouTube. This investigation concentrated on specific internet organisations, sites, and channels committed to cultural preservation in various diaspora populations. This study takes a qualitative approach to study and look into the effect of social media on cultural preservation within diaspora groups. To collect data, in-depth interviews and content analysis of social media sites were utilised. Interviews were conducted with notable individuals of the Indian, Filipino, and Nigerian diasporas, including cultural leaders, social media influencers, and active community members. These interviews were intended to gather direct knowledge on how these communities utilise social media to preserve and promote their rich heritage.

The Indian, Filipino, and Nigerian diasporas were chosen based on a variety of criteria. These communities were chosen because of their strong and active presence on social media platforms, which

provide a vast library of data for researching cultural preservation efforts. Additionally, these diasporas are known for their diverse and vibrant cultural practices, making them ideal subjects for exploring the role of social media in bridging cultural gaps and fostering community cohesion.

This methodology provides a comprehensive view of how social media supports cultural preservation by integrating qualitative insights with empirical data from online interactions. Through this approach, the study aims to offer a detailed understanding of the dynamics at play and the effectiveness of digital tools in sustaining cultural identities across dispersed communities.

# **Case Descriptions**

#### Indian Diaspora

The Indian diaspora, one of the largest and most diverse in the world, leverages social media platforms like YouTube and Facebook to both preserve and evolve its cultural heritage. YouTube channels such as "Indian Cultural Odyssey" and "Indian Tradition Today" serve as vibrant digital archives where diaspora members can view and engage with content related to traditional Indian dance forms, music performances, and culinary practices. For instance, a popular channel might feature detailed tutorials on preparing traditional Indian sweets or showcase live streams of major festivals like Diwali and Holi, allowing viewers to participate virtually. Cultural hybridization is evident in the way Indian diaspora communities adapt traditional practices to their new environments. For example, social media groups such as "Indian Moms in USA" frequently discuss how to celebrate Indian festivals while integrating local customs, like combining traditional Indian recipes with locally available ingredients. This exchange fosters a dynamic cultural adaptation where traditional practices are maintained but also modified to fit the context of a new cultural setting. In comparing social media usage, Indian diaspora communities often employ strategies such as creating specific content for major festivals, engaging in live cultural events, and facilitating online forums for discussion. This engagement not only helps preserve cultural practices but also fosters a sense of belonging and continuity among members, despite geographical separation.

#### Filipino Diaspora

The Filipino diaspora, known for its strong community bonds and cultural pride, utilizes social media to reinforce and share its cultural heritage. Facebook groups like "Pinoy Expats/OFW" and "Filipino Food Lovers" provide platforms for diaspora members to reminisce about their homeland, share experiences, and organize virtual gatherings. For example, these groups might host online cooking classes or cultural discussions that celebrate Filipino traditions and cuisine. Cultural hybridization within the Filipino diaspora is evident in how traditional Filipino festivals and culinary practices are adapted to suit the multicultural contexts of host countries. Social media content often includes fusion recipes that blend Filipino Flavors with local ingredients, and discussions not only keep the cultural practices relevant but also showcase the diaspora's creativity in maintaining cultural ties. Common strategies employed by the Filipino diaspora include creating content that highlights both traditional and contemporary aspects of Filipino culture, and using social media to organize and promote cultural events. This approach helps maintain a strong cultural identity while adapting to new environments.

# Nigerian Diaspora

The Nigerian diaspora, rich in diverse cultural expressions, actively engages with social media platforms such as Instagram and YouTube to promote and preserve its heritage. Instagram accounts like "NigerianFashionForward" and YouTube channels such as "Taste of Nigeria" showcase Nigerian fashion, music, and cuisine to a global audience. These platforms feature content ranging from traditional attire showcases to tutorials on Nigerian cooking, providing a window into the richness of Nigerian culture. Cultural hybridization in the Nigerian diaspora is evident in the blending of traditional Nigerian customs with those of the host countries. For example, Nigerian fashion influencers on Instagram might incorporate elements of Western fashion trends into traditional attire, creating new fashion statements that resonate with both Nigerian and international audiences. Similarly, Nigerian diaspora communities might celebrate traditional festivals with a mix of local and Nigerian customs, as shared through social media posts and events. The Nigerian diaspora commonly employs strategies such as sharing culturally significant content, organizing virtual events, and creating community spaces online for cultural exchange. These strategies not only preserve Nigerian cultural practices but also promote them to a wider audience, enhancing cultural appreciation and fostering global connections.

# **Findings and Discussions**

The study highlights the significance of social media platforms in promoting the protection and expansion of cultural heritage among diaspora communities. These platforms provide significant opportunities for sharing cultural traditions, building a feeling of community, and reconnecting with history beyond geographical boundaries. As a result, social media plays a significant part in connecting people across borders to their cultural roots. To acquire a more nuanced view of its influence, it is essential to examine both potential drawbacks and long-term implications of social media's contribution to cultural preservation.

A key concern is the possibility of cultural commercialisation of technologies. Social media sites frequently prioritise trending material, which could end up in a shallow representation of cultural traditions. Traditional rituals, festivals, and customs may be reduced to entertainment or novelty goods intended to attract views and likes. This commercialisation process has the potential to dilute the authenticity of cultural representations, reducing them to fleeting trends that might not accurately represent the cultural relevance of these behaviours. As a result, lower interaction rates could compromise the depth and breadth of cultural heritage.

Additionally, digital media exchanges tend to be transient and transitory, involving only superficial contacts with cultural substance. Contribution which includes likes, shares, and comments, may lack the depth necessary for a meaningful connection to cultural traditions. While social media allows for increased exposure to cultural information, it may not encourage full involvement or absorption. As a result, cultural activities may be seen in fragmented or diluted form, lowering their complexity and significance.

The long-term consequences of social media on preservation of culture must be taken into account as well. A significant concern is the possibility of digital disintegration of cultural resources. As future generations engage with their cultural legacy via digital channels, they may only identify selected or shattered elements of it. This digital illustration might present a constrained picture of cultural traditions, perhaps leading to an incomplete sense of heritage. Such fragmentation might hinder a comprehensive

comprehension of cultural traditions and practices, as the depth and contextual complexity of such elements may not be sufficiently conveyed through digital media alone.

Furthermore, excessive usage of digital forms of cultural participation could result in an imbalance between traditional behaviours and their digital representations. Future generations may find it difficult to make the transition from digital representations to real-world applications of cultural activities, risking the loss of traditional knowledge and practices. The generational disparity between traditional and newer forms of cultural involvement may compound the problem, risking cultural continuity. The intricate and culturally rich components of traditional behaviours may be lost if digital representations do not reflect their entire richness.

In conclusion, while social media has shown significant value for encouraging cultural preservation within diaspora populations, it is essential to address the associated challenges. Understanding and minimising the risks of cultural commercialisation, shallow involvement, and digital fragmentation will be essential for ensuring that social media continues to foster the true preservation and evolution of cultural heritage. Future research and practice should prioritise integrating the benefits of digital participation with the need to protect the integrity and depth of cultural traditions.

# Conclusion

This study offers distinctive insights into the importance of social media in cultural preservation, demonstrating both its potential advantages and pitfalls. Social media platforms have evolved into effective instruments for safeguarding and advocating cultural heritage, providing fresh opportunities for cultural expression and communication. However, the findings highlight important issues, such as the possibility of cultural commercialisation and superficial participation with traditional behaviours.

The larger ramifications of these findings show that governments and diaspora organisations have an important role in using social media's advantages while limiting its limitations. To strengthen cultural preservation activities, these stakeholders must develop social media strategies that foster authentic cultural representation and meaningful connection. This might involve developing criteria for material that respects cultural integrity, forming alliances with cultural experts to assure correct representation, and supporting digital literacy initiatives that enable deeper, more educated connections with cultural information.

#### **Future Research**

Future research should expand on this work by investigating a number of crucial topics. First, examining how various social media algorithms impact cultural preservation programs may reveal how algorithmic biases influence content visibility and interaction. Understanding these relationships is crucial for developing policies that promote equitable representation of different cultural traditions.

Additionally, studying how younger generations connect with social media platforms may provide important insights into changing engagement habits. This entails investigating how younger users perceive and participate in cultural preservation through digital platforms compared to older generations. Such research may assist to identify developing tendencies and develop targeted ways for engaging younger generations in cultural heritage preservation.

Finally, investigating the long-term impacts of social media on cultural continuity and development may provide a better understanding of how digital interactions influence the future of cultural activities.

This involves determining how digital representations affect the transfer of cultural knowledge and whether they add to or subtract from traditional practices.

#### Acknowledgement

I would like to express sincere appreciation to Dr. Beenu Mago for her valuable guidance, insightful comments, and constructive criticism throughout the research work. Her expertise and encouragement were instrumental in the completion of this paper.

#### ORCID iD

Dr. Beenu Mago (Dhttps://orcid.org/0000-0003-1537-1202

#### References

- Adebanjo, D., & Ugochukwu, O. (2020). Social media use and cultural preservation among the Nigerian diaspora. *Journal of International Migration and Integration*, 21(3), 523–540. https://doi.org/10.1007/s12134-019-00726-8
- Ahmad, A. (2016). Digital diaspora and social media: Understanding the dynamics of transnational communities. Information, Communication & Society, 19(8), 1056–1071. https://doi.org/10.1080/1369118X.2016.1153118
- Alencar, A. (2018). Diaspora, migration, and social media: Social networks and digital technologies. *Media and Communication*, 6(2), 72–81. https://doi.org/10.17645/mac.v6i2.1310
- Al-Rawi, A. (2017). Cultural media consumption among the diaspora: The impact of social media. New Media & Society, 19(7), 1026–1043. https://doi.org/10.55938/1461444815625946
- Gomez, G., & Battistella, G. (2017). Social media and the Filipino diaspora: Strengthening ties and maintaining cultural heritage. *Journal of Ethnic and Cultural Studies*, 4(3), 39–54. https://doi.org/10.29333/ejecs/88
- Hassan, A., & Shukla, R. (2020). Digital platforms and cultural preservation: Analyzing the Indian diaspora's use of social media. *Journal of Media and Cultural Studies*, 34(2), 213–231. https://doi.org/10.1080/10304312.20 20.1728206
- Kumar, A. (2019). Social media and the preservation of Indian cultural practices. International Journal of Communication, 13, 2331–2351. https://ijoc.org/index.php/ijoc/article/view/10044
- Marwick, A. E., & boyd, d. (2018). Cultural practices and social media in the age of migration. *Information, Communication & Society*, 21(11), 1507–1524. https://doi.org/10.1080/1369118X.2018.1428654
- Mitra, A. (2016). Digital diaspora: New media and ethnic identity. *Global Media and Communication*, *12*(1), 23–39. https://doi.org/10.55938/1742766515626821
- Okeke, I. (2018). Social media as a tool for cultural preservation: A case study of the Nigerian diaspora. Journal of African Cultural Studies, 30(4), 439–455. https://doi.org/10.1080/13696815.2018.1426736
- Ramos, M., & Trindade, S. (2016). Social media and the Filipino diaspora: Strengthening ties and maintaining cultural heritage. *Journal of Ethnic and Cultural Studies*, 4(3), 39–54. https://doi.org/10.29333/ejecs/88
- Sengupta, S. (2018). Social media and the preservation of Indian cultural practices. International Journal of Communication, 13, 2331–2351. https://ijoc.org/index.php/ijoc/article/view/10044
- Wang, H. (2019). Social media and cultural identity among the diaspora. *Journal of Ethnic and Migration Studies*, 45(3), 421–439. https://doi.org/10.1080/1369183X.2018.1447365

20